The Absolute Reality www.quran4u.com		
Tafsir Ibn Kathir Alama Imad ud Din Ibn Kathir		
Tafsir ibn Kathir , is a classic Sunni Islam Tafsir (commentary of the Qur'an) by Imad ud Din Ibn Kathir. It is considered to be a summary of the earlier Tafsir al-Tabari. It is popular because it uses Hadith to explain each verse and chapter of the Qur'an		
Surah Muddaththir		
بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ		
يَا أَيُّهَا الْمُتَقَرِّرُ		
O you enveloped in garments!		
قُمْ فَأَنْنِي مُ		
Arise and warn!		
وَيَتَّبْكَ فَكَبِّرْ		
And magnify your Lord!		
وَثِيَابَكَ فَطَهِر		
And purify your garments!		
وَالرَّجْزَفَاهُجُرُ		
And keep away from Ar-Rujz!		
وَلا تَمْنُنُ تَسْتَكْثِرُ		
And give not a thing in order to have more.		

7.

وَلِرَبِّكَ فَاصْبِرُ

And be patient for the sake of your Lord!

فَإِذَا نُقِرَفِي النَّاقُورِ

Then, when the Naqur is sounded.

ۏؘڹ<u>ؘ</u>ڸؚڮٙؾۯڡؾؚ۫ڹۣؾۯؗۿؘؘؘ۠ۜۛۛۘڝٙۑؚڒ

Truly, that Day will be a Hard Day.

عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ غَبْرُ يَسِيرٍ

Far from easy for the disbelievers.

The First Ayat to be revealed after `Read!

بَاأَتُهَا الْمُتَّثِرُ (١)

O you enveloped in garments!

It has been confirmed in the Sahih Al-Bukhari and Sahih Muslim on the authority of Abu Salamah that Jabir bin `Abdullah informed him that he heard the Messenger of Allah speaking about the time period (of the pause in) revelation. The Prophet said,

فَبَيْنَا أَنَا أَمْشِي إِذُسَمِعْتُ صَوَتًا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ فَرَفَعْتُ بَصَرِي قِبَلَ السَّمَاءِ، فَإِذَا الْمَلَكُ الَّذِي جَاءَنِي بِحِرَاءَ، قَاعِنَّ عَلَى كُرُسِي بَيْنَ السَّمَاء وَالْأَنْ ضِ، فَجُئِنْتُ مِنْهُ حَتَى هَوَيْتُ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ، فَجِنْتُ إِلَى أَهْلِي فَقُلْتُ: زَمِّلُونِي زَمِّلُونِي فَزَمَّلُونِ. فَأَنْزَلَ (اللهُ تَعَالى):

While I was walking I heard a voice from the sky. So I lifted my gaze towards the sky and saw the same angel who had come to me at the cave of Hira'. He was sitting on a chair between the sky and the earth. So I fled from him (in fear) until I fell down to the ground. Then, I went to my family and I said, `Wrap me up, wrap me up.

So, they wrapped me up!

So Allah revealed,

يأَيُّهَا الْمُنَّذِّرُ - قُمْ فَأَننِنْ - وَرَبَّكَ فَكَبِّرُ - وَثِيَابَكَ فَطَهِّرُ - وَالرُّجْزَ فَاهْجُرُ

O you enveloped in garments! Arise and warn! And magnify your Lord! And purify your garments! And **keep away from** Ar-Rujz!

Here, Abu Salamah added, `Ar-Rujz means idols.'

After this, the revelation started coming strongly and frequently in succession.

This is the wording of Al-Bukhari.

The way this Hadith is narrated necessitates that revelation had descended before this. This is due to the Prophet's statement,

فَإِذَا الْمُلَكُ الَّذِي جَاءَني بِحِرَاء

the same angel who had come to me at the cave of Hira'."

That angel was Jibril, who had came to him with Allah's statement,

اقُرَأْبِاسُمِ مَبِّكَ الَّذِي حَلَّقَ حَلَى الإِنسَنَمِنُ عَلَقٍ اقُرَأُومَبُّكَ الأُّحُرَهُ

الَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمِ

عَلَّمَ الإنسَنَ مَالَمُ يَعْلَمُ

Read! In the Name of your Lord Who has created.

He has created man from a clot.

Read! And your Lord is the Most Generous.

Who has taught by the pen.

He has taught man that which he knew not. (96:1-5)

After this first occurrence (in the cave) there was a period of time that passed, then the angel descended again.

Imam Ahmad recorded from Abu Salamah bin `Abdur-Rahman that Jabir bin `Abdullah informed him that he heard the Messenger of Allah saying,

تُحَمَّ فَتَرَ الْوَحْيُ عَنِّي فَتُرَةً، فَبَيْنَا أَنَا أَمَّشِي سَمِعْتُ صَوْتًا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ، فَرَفَعْتُ بَصَرِي قِبَلَ السَّمَاءِ، فَإِذَا الْمَلَكُ الَّذِي جَاءَنِي، قَاعِلْ عَل كُرُسِيَ بَيْنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَمْضِ، فَجُرَيْتُتُ مِنْهُ فَرَقًا حتى هَوَيْتُ إِلَى الْأَمْضِ، فَجِمَّتُ أَهْلِي فَقُلْتُ هَمَّهُ: زَمِّلُونِي زَمِّلُونِي، فَأَنْزَلَ اللَّفَتَعَالى:

ۣٵؙٞؿ۠ۿٵا^لٱننَّنِّرُ - قُمر فَأَننِ ، - وَمَبَّكَ فَكَبِّرُ - وَثِيَابَكَ فَطَهِّرُ - وَالرُّ جُرَ فَاهُجُرُ

ثُمَّ حَمِي الْوَحْيُ وَتَتَابَع

Then the revelation ceased coming to me for a period of time. Then, while I was walking, I heard a voice from the sky. So I lifted my gaze towards the sky to see the same angel who had come to me, sitting on a chair between the sky and the earth. So I fled from him a short distance before I fell down to the ground. Then I came to my family and said to them,

`Wrap me up, wrap me up!

So, they wrapped me up!

Then Allah revealed,

يأَيُّهَا الْهُنَّذِر - قُمْ فَأُنْنِ، - وَرَبَّكَ فَكَبِّر - وَثِيَابَكَ فَطَهِّر - وَالرُّجْزَ فَاهْجُر

O you enveloped in garments! Arise and warn! And magnify your Lord! And purify your garments! And keep away from Ar-Rujz!

After this, the revelation started coming strongly and frequently in succession.

They both (Al-Bukhari and Muslim) recorded this Hadith by way of Az-Zuhri. At-Tabarani recorded from Ibn `Abbas that he said,

"Verily, Al-Walid bin Al-Mughirah prepared some food for the Quraysh. So when they had eaten from it he said,

`What do you have to say about this man'

Some of them said, `He is a magician.' Others said, `He is not a magician.'

Then some of them said, `He is a soothsayer.' But others said, `He is not a soothsayer.'

Some of them said, `He is a poet.' But others said, `He is not a poet.'

Some of them said, `This is magic from that of old.'

Thus, they eventually all agreed that it was magic from ancient times.

Then, when this news reached the Prophet, he became grieved, covered his head and wrapped himself up. This is when Allah revealed,

ۣۑٲؙؿ۠ۿٵ الْ^فرَّقِرُ - قُمر فَأَذنِ، - ورَبَّكَ فَكَبِّر - وَثِيَابَكَ فَطَهِّر - وَالرُّجْزَ فَاهُجُر - وَلا تَمَنُن تَسْتَكْثِر - وَلوَبَكَ فَاصْبِر

O you enveloped in garments! Arise and warn! And magnify your Lord! And purify your garments! And keep away from **Ar-Rujz** (the idols)! And give not a thing in order to have more (or consider not your deeds of obedience to Allah as a favour to Him). And be patient for the sake of your Lord (i.e., perform your duty to Allah)!

Concerning Allah's statement,

قُمْ فَأَنْنِي (٢)

Arise and warn!

means, prepare to go forth with zeal and warn the people.

With this the Prophet attained Messengership just as he attained Prophethood with the first revelation.

وَىَبَّكَ فَكَبِّر (٣)

And magnify your Lord! to declare the greatness of Him.

Al-`Awfi reported from Ibn `Abbas;

وَثِيَابَكَ فَطَهِّر (٤)

And purify your garments!

"This means, do not let your garments that you wear be from earnings that are unlawful."

It has also been said,

"Do not wear your clothes in disobedience."

(And purify your garments!) وَثِيَابَكَ فَطَهْرُ (And purify your garments!)

"This means clean them with water."

Ibn Zayd said,

"The idolators would not clean themselves, so Allah commanded him to clean himself and his garments."

This view was preferred by Ibn Jarir. Sa`id bin Jubayr said, وَثِيَابَكَ فَطَهِّر (And purify your garments!)

"This means purify your heart and your intentions."

Muhammad bin Ka`b Al-Qurazi and Al-Hasan Al-Basri both said,

"And beautify your character."

Concerning Allah's statement,

وَالرُّجْزَفَاهُجُرُ (٥)

And keep away from Ar-Rujz!

Ali bin Abi Talhah reported from Ibn `Abbas,

"Ar-Rujz are idols, so keep away from them."

Similar to this was said by Mujahid, `Ikrimah, Qatadah, Az-Zuhri and Ibn Zayd,

"Verily, it is the idols."

This is like Allah's statement,

يأَيُّهَا النَّبِيِّ اتَّنِ اللَّهَ وَلاَ تُطِعِ الْكَفِرِينَ وَالْمُنَفِقِينَ

O Prophet!

have **Taqwa** of Allah, and obey not the disbelievers and the hypocrites. (33:1)

and Allah's statement,

وَقَالَمُوسَى لا يحيدِهَرُونَ اخْلُفُنِي فِ قَوْبِي وَأَصْلِحُ وَلا تَتَّبِعُسَبِيلَ الْمُفْسِدِينَ

And Musa said to his brother Harun:

"Replace me among my people, act well and follow not way of the corrupters." (7:142)

Then Allah says,

وَلا تَمْنُن تَسْتَكْثِرُ (٦)

And give not a thing in order to have more.

Ibn `Abbas said,

"Do not give any gift seeking to get (back in return) more than it."

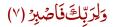
Khusayf reported from Mujahid;

And give not a thing (Tamnun) in order to have more. وَلا تَمَنُّن تَسْتَكَثِرُ

"Do not slacken in seeking more good.

Tamnun in the language of the Arabs means to become weak."

Concerning Allah's statement,



And be patient for the sake of your Lord!

meaning, make your patience with their harms be for the Face of your Lord, the Mighty and Majestic.

This was stated by Mujahid.

Ibrahim An-Nakha`i said,

"Be patient in your giving for the sake of Allah, the Mighty and Majestic."

Reminding of the Day of Judgement

Concerning Allah's statement,

فَإِذَا نُقْرَفِي النَّاقُورِ (^)

فَنَالِكَ يَوْمَئِنٍ يَوْمٌ عَسِيرٌ (٩)

عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ غَيْرُ يَسِيرٍ (١٠)

Then, when the **Naqur** is sounded. Truly, that Day will be a Hard Day -- far from easy for the disbelievers.

Ibn `Abbas, Mujahid, Ash-Sha`bi, Zayd bin Aslam, Al-Hasan, Qatadah, Ad-Dahhak, Ar-Rabi` bin Anas, As-Suddi and Ibn Zayd, all said,

". Naqur, "It is the Trumpet النَّاقُور،

Mujahid said, "It is in the shape of a horn."

Ibn Abi Hatim narrated that Abu Sa`id Al-Ashaj told them that Asbat bin Muhammad related to them from Mutarrif, from `Atiyah Al-`Awfi, from Ibn

`Abbas, فَإِذَا نُقِرَ فِي التَّافُو (Then, when the Trumpet is sounded), The Messenger of Allah said,

كَيْفَ أَنْعَمْ وَصَاحِبُ الْقَرْن قَدِ التَقَمَ الْقَرْنَ وَحَتَى جَبْهَتَهُ يَنْتَظِرُ مَتَى يُؤْمَرُ فَيَنْفُحُ؟

How can I be comfortable when the one with the horn has placed it in his mouth, leaned his forehead forward, and is waiting to be commanded so that he can blow?

The Companions of the Messenger of Allah said, "What do you command us, O Messenger of Allah"

He replied,

قُولُوا:

حَسْبُنَا اللهُ وَنِعْمَ الْوَكِيلُ، عَلَى اللهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا

Say:

"Allah is sufficient for us, and what an excellent Trustee He is. We put our trust in Allah."

It has been recorded like this by Imam Ahmad on the authority of Asbat.

Concerning Allah's statement,

فَنَالِكَ يَوْمَئِذِ يَوْمُ عَسِيرٌ

Truly, that Day will be a Hard Day. meaning, severe.

عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ غَبُرُ يَسِبِرِ

Far from easy for the disbelievers. meaning, it will not be easy for them.

This is as Allah says,

يَقُولُ الْكَفِرُونَ هَذَا يَوُمُ عَسِرٌ

The disbelievers will say: "This a Hard Day." (54:8)

We have reported from Zurarah bin Awfa, the judge of Al-Basrah, that he lead the people in the morning prayer and he recited this Surah. Then, when he reached Allah's statement,

فَإِذَا نُقْرَبْ فِالنَّاقُورِ - فَذَلِكَ يَوْمَئِنٍ يَوْمٌ عَسِيرٌ - عَلَى الْكَفِرِينَ غَيْرُ يَسِيرِ

Then, when the Naqur is sounded. Truly, that Day will be a Hard Day - far from easy for the disbelievers.

he made a moaning sound and then he fell down dead. May Allah have mercy on him.

ذَ^{*}رَبِي وَمَنْ خَلَقُتُ وَحِيلًا

Leave Me alone (to deal) with whom I created lonely.

وَجَعَلْتُلَهُ مَالًا مَمُنُودًا

And then granted him resources in abundance.

13.

وَبَنِينَ شُهُودًا

And children attending.

وَمَهَّلُثُلُهُ ثَمْهِيلًا

And made life smooth and comfortable for him.

15.	ثُ _{حَ} رً يَطْمَعُ أَنۡ أَزِيںَ
	After all that he desires that I should give more.
16.	كَلَّ إِنَّهُ كَانَ لِآيَاتِنَا عَنِيدًا
	Nay! Verily, he has been opposing Our Ayat.
	ڛٲٛٞؠۿؚڠؙ؋ڞۼۅڐٳ
	I shall force him to Sa`ud!
	ٳؚؚڹۜٛۿڣؘػۜڗۊۊؘڛۜٙ؆
	Verily, he thought and plotted.
	فَقْتِلَ كَيْفَقَنَّ
	So let him be cursed, how he plotted!
	ثُمَّ قُتِلَ كَيْفَ قَتَلَ
	And once more let him be cursed, how he plotted!
	ثَمَّنظَر
	Then he thought.
	ؿؖ۫ _ڟ ؚۜۼڹۺۅڹۺڗ
	Then he frowned and he looked in a bad tempered way;
	ؿؖٛ _ڰ ڗٙٲٛۮڹۯۊٳڛٛؾػٛڹڗ
	Then he turned back, and was proud.
	فَقَالَ إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا سِحُرٌ يُؤْثَرُ
	Then he said: "This is nothing but magic from that of old,
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إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّاقَوْلُ الْبَشَرِ "This is nothing but the word of a human being!" سأصليه سَقَرَ I will cast him into Sagar. ومَاأَدُىَاكَ مَاسَقَرُ And what will make you know (exactly) what Saqar is لاتُبْقِى وَلَاتَنَمُ It spares not, nor does it leave (anything)! لْوَّاحَةٌ لِلْبَشَرِ Scorching for the humans! عَلَيْهَا تِسْعَةَ عَشَرَ Over it are nineteen.

A Threat for Whoever claims that the Qur'an is Magic

Allah threatens this wicked person whom He has favored with the blessings of this world, yet he is ungrateful for the blessings of Allah and he meets them with disbelief (in Allah) and rejection of His Ayat. He invents lies against Allah's Ayat and claims that they are the words of a man. Allah recounts to him His favors upon him when He says,

ذَرُبْنِ وَمَنْ خَلَقْتُ وَحِيدًا (١١)

Leave Me alone (to deal) with whom I created lonely.

meaning, he came out of the womb of his mother alone, without any wealth or children. Then, Allah provided him with

وَجَعَلْتُ لَهُ مَالًا مَمْنُودًا (١٢)

And then granted him resources in abundance.

resources in abundance. meaning, vast and abundant.

Allah then made for him,

And children attending.

Mujahid said,

"They are not absent."

This means that they are present with him. They do not travel for business and trade. Rather, their servants and hired workers handle all of that for them while they are sitting with their father. He enjoys their company and delights in being with them.

And made life smooth and comfortable for him.

meaning, `I made possible for him to amass wealth, luxuries and other than that.'

After all that he desires that I should give more.

Nay! Verily, he has been opposing Our Ayat.

meaning, obstinate.

This refers to his ungratefulness for his blessings after knowing (these blessings).

Allah says,

I shall force him to Sa`ud!

Qatadah reported from Ibn `Abbas that he said,

"Sa`ud is a rock in Hell that the disbeliever will be dragged across on his face."

As-Suddi said,

وَمَهَّدتُّ لَهُ تَمْهِيدًا (١٤)

سَأَنْهِقُهُ صَعُودًا (١٧)



وَيَنِينَ شُهُودًا (١٣)

تُحَرَّ يَطْمَعُ أَنْ أَزِيدَ (١٠) كَلَّا إِنَّهُ كَانَ لِآيَاتِنَا عَنِيدًا (١٦)

"Sa`ud is a slippery rock in Hell that he will be forced to climb."

!I shall force him to Sa`ud سَأَّهُمِقُهُ صَعُودًا , Mujahid said

"This is a harsh portion of the torment."

Qatadah said,

"It is a torment that contains no relaxation (break for relief)."

Concerning Allah's statement,

إِنَّهُ فَكَّرَوَقَلَّ مَ (١٨)

Verily, he thought and plotted.

meaning, `We only caused him to face the grievous torment of Sa`ud, that is Our bringing him close to the harsh torment, because he was far away from faith.'

This was because he thought and plotted, meaning he contemplated what he should say about the Qur'an when he was asked about it. So he deliberated over what statement he should invent against it.

and plotted. meaning, he contemplated.

فَقُتِلَ كَيْفَ قَلَّىَ (١٩) ثُحَة قُتِلَ كَيْفَ قَلَّىَ (٢٠)

So let him be cursed, how he plotted! And once more let him be cursed, how he plotted!

This is a supplication against him.

ثُمَّ نَظَرَ (٢١)

Then he thought.

meaning, he thought again and deliberated.

م ثَچَّ عَبَسَ...

Then he frowned.

meaning, he contracted his eyebrows together and frowned.

and he looked in a bad tempered way. meaning, he scowled and was disgusted.

Concerning Allah's statement,

ثُمَّ أَدْبَرَ وَاسْتَكْبَرَ (٢٣)

Then he turned back, and was proud.

meaning, he turned away from the truth and arrogantly refused to accept and submit to the Qur'an.

فَقَالَ إِنْ هَنَا إِلَّاسِحُرُّ يُؤْثَرُ (٢٤)

إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّاقَوْلُ الْبَشَرِ (٢٥)

Then he said: "This is nothing but magic from that of old."

meaning, `this is magic that Muhammad received from those who were before him, and he is merely saying what he got from them.'

This is why he said,

This is nothing but the word of a human being!

meaning, it is not the Words of Allah.

The person who is mentioned in this discussion is Al-Walid bin Al-Mughirah Al-Makhzumi. He was one of the chiefs of the Quraysh -- may Allah curse him. Among the narrations about this is what was reported by Al-`Awfi from Ibn `Abbas. He (Ibn `Abbas) said,

"Al-Walid bin Al-Mughirah entered the house of Abu Bakr bin Abi Quhafah and asked him about the Qur'an. When Abu Bakr informed him about it, he left and went to the Quraysh saying,

`What a great thing this is that Ibn Abi Kabshah is saying. I swear by Allah that it is not poetry, nor magic, nor the prattling of insanity. Verily, his speech is from the Words of Allah!'

So when a group of the Quraysh heard this they gathered and said,

'By Allah, if Al-Walid converts (to Islam) all of the Quraysh will convert.'

When Abu Jahl bin Hisham heard this he said, `By Allah, I will deal with him for you.'

So he went to Al-Walid's house and entered upon him. He said to Al-Walid, `Don't you see that your people are collecting charity for you'

Al-Walid replied, `Don't I have more wealth and children than they do'

Abu Jahl answered, `They are saying that you only went to Ibn Abi Quhafah's house so that you can get some of his food.'

Al-Walid then said, `Is this what my tribe is saying? Nay, by Allah, I am not seeking to be close to Ibn Abi Quhafah, nor `Umar, nor Ibn Abi Kabshah. And his speech is only inherited magic of old.'

So Allah revealed to His Messenger,

ذَمْنِي وَمَنْ خَلَقْتُ وَحِيدًا (١١) لا تُبْقِي وَلا تَنَمْ (٢٨)

Leave me alone with whom I created lonely. until His statement, It spares not, nor does it leave (anything)!"

Qatadah said,

"They claim that he (Al-Walid) said, `By Allah, I thought about what the man says, and it is not poetry. Verily, it has a sweetness and it is truly elegant. Verily, it is exalted and it is not overcome. And I have no doubt that it is magic.'

So Allah revealed, نَقْتِلَ كَيْفَ تَنَّى الله (So let him be cursed, how he plotted!),

تُوَّ عَبَسَ وَبَسَرَ (Then he frowned and he looked in a bad tempered way.) He contracted his eyes together and scowled.''

Allah says,

سَأَصْلِيهِ سَقَرَ (٢٦)

I will cast him into Saqar.

meaning, `I will engulf him in it from all his sides.'

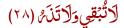
Then Allah says,



And what will make you know (exactly) what Saqar is?

This is to give fright and emphasis to its matter.

Then Allah explains this by His saying,



It spares not, nor does it leave (anything)!

meaning, it eats their flesh, veins, nerves and their skins. Then their organs will be changed into something else. They will remain in this (form), not living or dying.

This was stated by Ibn Buraydah, Abu Sinan and others.

Concerning Allah's statement,

لَوَّاحَةٌ لِلْبَشَرِ (٢٩)

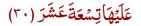
Scorching for the humans!

Mujahid said, "This means for the skin."

Qatadah said, "This means burning the skin."

Ibn `Abbas said, "Burning the skin of man."

Concerning Allah's statement,



Over it are nineteen.

meaning, the first of the guardians of Hell. They are magnificent in (their appearance) and harsh in their character.

31.

ومَاجَعَلْنَا أَصْحَابَ النَّابِ إِلَّا مَلَائِكَةً

And We have set none but angels as guardians of the Fire.

وَمَاجَعَلْنَاعِنَّهُمُ إِلَّافِتْنَةً لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

And We have fixed their number only as a trial for the disbelievers,

لِيَسۡتَيۡقِنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ وَيَزُدَادَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِيمَانًا

in order that the People of the Scripture may arrive at a certainty and that the believers may increase in faith,

ۅٙڵٳێۯؾؘٵڹٵڷٙڹؚؾڹٲٛۅؾ۠ۅٵٵڵڮؚؾٵڹۅٙٵڵؖٷٝڡؚڹؙۅڹۨ

and that no doubt may be left for the People of the Scripture and the believers,

ۅٙڸؚؾۊۢۅڶٵڵٙڹؚؾڹؘڣۣۊؙڵۅؚۑؚۿؚٟ؞ؚٞؗؗڡؘڗؘۻ۠ٛۅٙٵڶڰٳڣۯۅڹؘڡٙٵۮؘٵٲٞ؆ؚٳۮٵڵؾۜۜ؋ؠؚۿڹؘٵڡٙؿؘڵؖ

and that those in whose hearts is a disease and the disbelievers may say: "What does Allah intend by this example"

كَنَ لِكَ يُضِلُّ اللَّهُ مَنُ يَشَاءُوَ يَهُ بِي مَنُ يَشَاءُ Thus Allah leads astray whom He wills and guides whom He wills. وَمَا يَعْلَمُ جُنُودَ مَ إِلَّهُوَ And none can know the hosts of your Lord but He. ومَاهِىَ إِلَّاذِكْرَى لِلْبَشَرِ And this is nothing but a reminder to mankind. كَلَّوَالْقَمَر Nay! And by the moon. وَاللَّيْلِ إِذْأَدْبَرَى And by the night when it withdraws. وَالصُّبُحِإِذَا أَسُفَرَ And by the dawn when it brightens. إِنَّمَالَإِحْدَى الْكُبَرِ Verily, it is but one of the greatest (signs). نَ<u>نِ</u>يرً الِلۡبَشَرِ A warning to mankind لِمَنْ شَاءَمِنْكُمْ أَنْ يَتَقَلَّمَ أَوْ يَتَأَخَّرَ To any of you that chooses to go forward, or to remain behind. 16

The Number of Guardians of Hell and what the Disbelievers said about that

Allah says,

وَمَاجَعَلْنَا أَصْحَابَ النَّابِ...

And We have set none as (**Ashab**) guardians of the Fire, meaning, its guardians.

... إِلاَّ مَلَائِكَةً...

but angels.

Guardian angels, stern and severe.

This is a refutation of the idolators of the Quraysh when they mentioned the number of guardian angels. Abu Jahl said,

"O people of Quraysh! Are not every ten among you able to defeat one of them"

So Allah said,

وَمَاجَعَلْنَا أَصْحَابَ النَّابِ إِلَّا مَلَائِكَة...

And We have set none but angels as guardians of the Fire.

meaning, extremely strong in their creation. They cannot be stood against nor defeated.

It has been said that Abu Al-Ashaddayn, and his name was Kaladah bin Usayd bin Khalaf, said,

"O people of Quraysh! You defend me against two of them and I will defend you against seventeen of them."

He said this thinking himself to be very great. For they claimed that he achieved such strength that he would stand on a skin of cow hide and ten people would try to pull it out from under his feet, but the skin would be torn to pieces and still not be removed from under him.

Concerning Allah's statement,

... وَمَاجَعَلْنَاعِنَّهُمُ إِلَافِتُنَةً لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا...

And We have fixed their number only as a trial for the disbelievers,

meaning, `We only have mentioned their number as being nineteen as a test from Us for mankind.'

... لِيَسْتَيْقِنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ ...

In order that the People of the Scripture may arrive at a certainty,

meaning, so that they may know that this Messenger is true. For he speaks according to the same thing that they have with them of heavenly revealed Scriptures that came to the Prophets before him.

Concerning Allah's statement,

... وَيَزْدَادَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِيمَانًا...

and that the believers may increase in faith.

meaning, to their faith. This is due to what they witness from the truthfulness of the information of their Prophet, Muhammad.

... وَلا يَرْتَابَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلِيَقُولَ الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ...

and that no doubt may be left for the People of the Scripture and the believers, and that those in whose hearts is a disease,

meaning, among the hypocrites.

... وَالْكَافِرُونَ مَاذَا أَيَادَ اللَّهُ بِهَنَا مَثَلًا...

and the disbelievers may say: "What does Allah intend by this example" meaning, they say, "What is the wisdom in mentioning this here"

Allah says,

... كَذَلِكَ يُضِلُّ اللَّهُ مَن يَشَاءوَ يَهُدِي مَن يَشَاء ...

Thus Allah leads astray whom He wills and guides whom He wills.

meaning, by way of examples like this, faith becomes firm in the hearts of some people and it is shaken with others.

This has a profound wisdom and it is an irrefutable proof. None knows the Soldiers of Allah except Him.

Allah says,

···· وَمَا يَعْلَمُ جُنُودَ مَبِّكَ إِلَا هُو...

And none can know the hosts of your Lord but He.

meaning, none knows their number and their count except Allah.

This is so that one does not make the mistake of thinking that they are only nineteen in all. It has been confirmed in the Hadith concerning Al-Isra' that is reported in the Two Sahihs and other collections, that the Messenger of Allah said in describing the Frequented House (Al-Bayt Al-Ma`mur), which is in the seventh heaven,

ڣؘٳۭۮٙٳۿۅؘؾؗڽؙڂ۠ڵؙۿڣۣػؙڸۨؽٶ۫؞ٟۺڹۛۼۅڹٲؙڷڣؘڡٙڶڮٟڵٳؽۼۅۮۅڹؘٳڸؽٙٶؚڗڂڗڡؘٵۼڶؽۿۄ

Seventy thousand angels enter into it every day and they do not return to it as it is all that is due upon them (one visit in their lifetime).

Concerning Allah's statement,

... وَمَاهِيَ إِلَّاذِكْرَى لِلْبَشَرِ (٣١)

And this is nothing but a reminder to mankind.

Mujahid and others said,

مَأهِيَ And this is not.

"This means the Hellfire which has been described."

... إِلَّاذِ كُرَى لِلْبَشَرِ

but a reminder to mankind.

Then Allah says,

كَلَّوَ الْقَمَرِ (٣٢) وَاللَّيْلِ إِذْأَدْبَرَ (٣٣)

Nay! And by the moon. And by the night when it withdraws. meaning, when it withdraws.

وَالصُّبُحِ إِذَا أَسْفَرَ (٣٤)

And by the dawn when it brightens. meaning, when it shines.

إِنَّهَالإحْدَى الْكُبَرِ (٣٥)

Verily, it is but one of the greatest (signs). meaning, the great things. This refers to the Hellfire. Ibn `Abbas, Mujahid, Qatadah, Ad-Dahhak and others of the Salaf, all said this.

نَنِيرًاللَّبَشَرِ (٣٦) لِمَن شَاءمِنكُمُ أَن يَتَقَلَّمَ أَوْ يَتَأَخَّرَ (٣٧)

A warning to mankind -- to any of you that chooses to go forward, or to remain behind.

meaning, for whoever wishes to accept the warning and be guided to the truth, or hold back from accepting it, turn away from it and reject it.

كُلُنفُسِ بِمَاكَسَبَتُ يَهِينَةٌ Every person is a pledge for what he has earned, إلاأصحاب اليمين Except those on the Right. فۣبجَنَّاتٍيَتَسَاءَلُونَ In Gardens they will ask one another, عَنِ الْمُجْرِمِينَ About criminals (and they will say to them): مَاسَلَكُكُمُ فِي سَقَرَ "What has caused you to enter Hell" قَالُوالَمُ نَكُمِنَ الْمُصَلِّينَ They will say: "We were not of those who used to offer the Salah," 20

	وَلَمْ نَكُ نُطْعِمُ الْمِسْكِينَ
	"Nor did we feed the poor;"
	ۅٙػ۠ڹۜۜٲڹٛۼ۠ۅڞ۠ڡؘۼٙٳڮ۬ٛٵڹۣۻؚڽڹ
	"And we used to speak falsehood with vain speakers."
46.	وَحْتَا نُكَنِّ بِيوَمِ الرَّينِ
	"And we used to deny the Day of Recompense,"
	حتى أَتَانَا الْيَقِينُ
	"Until Al-Yaqin came to us."
48.	ڣؘٙڡؘٵؾؙڣؘۼۿ؞ۯۺؘڣؘٵۼۊ۠ٳڸۺۜٵڣؚۼؚڽڹ
	So no intercession of intercessors will be of any use to them.
49.	فَمَا لَهُمْ عَنِ التَّنْ كِرَقِمْعُرِضِينَ
	Then what is wrong with them that they turn away from admonition
	كأتشمر محمر مستنفرة
	As if they were wild donkeys.
51.	فَرَّتْ مِنْ قَسُورَةٍ
	Fleeing from a Qaswarah.
	بٙڷؽڔؚؽؗػؙڵ۠ٲڡڔؘؠۣۧڡؚڹۿڂۯٲؘڹؽٷٛؾؘڞڂڡؘٞٵڡؙڹٙۺۜٙڗۊؘ
	Nay, everyone of them desires that he should be given pages spread out.
	كَلابَلُ لايَخَافُونَ الْآخِرَةَ
	Nay! But they fear not the Hereafter.
	21

كَلَّاإِنَّهُتَنۡ كِرَةٌ

Nay, verily, this is an admonition.

فَمَنْ شَاءَذَكَرَهُ

So, whosoever wills receives admonition from it!

وَمَا يَنُ كُرُونَ إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ

And they will not receive admonition unless Allah wills;

هُوَ أَهْلُ التَّقُوى وَأَهْلُ الْمَغْفِرَةِ

He is the One, deserving of the Taqwa and He is the One Who forgives.

People of the Hellfire

Allah informs that,

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ يَهِينَةٌ (٣٨)

Every person is a pledge for what he has earned, meaning, bound to his deed on the Day of Judgement. Ibn `Abbas and others have said this.

إِلَّا أَصْحَابَ الْيَمِينِ (٣٩)

Except those on the Right.

For verily, they will be

في جَنَّاتٍ يَتَسَاءلُونَ (٤٠) عَنِ الْمُجُرِمِينَ (٤١)

In Gardens they will ask one another, about criminals (and they will say to them)

meaning, while they are in lofty rooms they will ask the criminals, who will be in the lowest levels (of Hell), saying to them,

مَاسَلَكَكُمۡ فِيسَقَرَ (٤٢) قَالُوالَمۡ نَكَ مِنَ الْمُصَلِّينَ (٤٢)

وَلَمْ نَكُ نُطْعِمُ الْمِسْكِينَ (٤٤)

"What has caused you to enter Hell"

They will say: "We were not of those who used to offer the Salah, nor did we feed the poor."

meaning, `we did not worship Allah, nor did we do good to His creatures of our own species (i.e., other people).'

وَكُنَّا نُغُوضُ مَعَ الْخَائِضِينَ (٤٠)

And we used to speak falsehood with vain speakers.

meaning, `we used to speak about what we had no knowledge of.'

Qatadah said,

"It means that every time someone went astray we would go astray with them."

وَ كُتَّا نُكَنِّ بُبِيَوْمِ اللِّينِ (٤٦) حَتَّى أَتَانَا الْيَقِينُ (٤٧)

And we used to deny the Day of Recompense, until the certainty (Al-Yaqin) came to us.

meaning, death.

This is as Allah says,

وَاعْبُلُ مَبَّكَ حَتَّى يَأْتِيكَ الْيَقِينُ

and worship your Lord until there comes unto you the certainty. (15:99)

The Messenger of Allah said,

أَمَّاهُوَ يعنى عثمان بن مظعون فَقَلُ جَاءَهُ الْيَقِينُ مِنْ رَبِّه

Concerning him verily, Al-Yaqin (death) came to him from his Lord."

Allah then says,

فَمَاتَنفَعُهُمُ شَفَاعَةُ الشَّافِعِينَ (٤٨)

So no intercession of intercessors will be of any use to them.

meaning, whoever has these characteristics, then the intercession of whoever tries to intercede for him will be of no benefit on the Day of Judgement. This is because intercession is only useful if the conditions for it are met. However, whoever comes before Allah as a disbeliever on the Day of Judgement, then he will get the Hellfire and there is no way of avoiding it. He will abide in it (Hell) forever.

Then Allah says,

فَمَا لَهُمْ عَن التَّنْ كِرَقِمْعُرِضِينَ (٤٩)

Then what is wrong with them that they turn away from admonition?

meaning, `what is wrong with these disbelievers who are turning away from what you are calling them to and reminding them of'

كَأَنَّهُمُ حُمُرٌ مُّسْتَنفِرَةٌ (٥٠) فَرَّتْمِن قَسُورَةٍ (٥١)

As if they were wild donkeys. Fleeing from a Qaswarah.

meaning, as if they were fleeing from the truth and turning away from it, like a wild donkey when it flees from something that is trying to catch it, like a lion.

This was said by Abu Hurayrah.

Hammad bin Salamah reported from `Ali bin Zayd who reported from Yusuf bin Mihran who narrated that Ibn `Abbas said,

"It (Qaswarah) is the lion in the Arabic language. It is called Qaswarah in the Abyssinian language, Sher in the Persian language and Awba in the Nabtiyyah (Nabatean) language."

Concerning Allah's statement,

بَلْ يُرِيلُ كُلُّ امْرِئِ مِّنْهُمُ أَن يُؤْتَى صُحْفًا مُّنَشَّرَةً (٥٠)

Nay, everyone of them desires that he should be given pages spread out.

meaning, each one of these idolators wants to have a book revealed to him as Allah revealed to the Prophet .

Mujahid and others have said this.

This is similar to Allah's statement,

وَإِذَا جَا يَقْهُمُ ءَايَةٌ قَالُو أَلَن نُّؤْمِنَ حَتَّى نُوْنَى مِثْلَ مَا أَوْنَ *مُ*سُلُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ حَبُثُ يَحْعَلُ بِسَالَتَهُ

And when there comes to them a sign they say:

"We shall not believe until we receive the like of that which the Messengers of Allah had received."

Allah knows best with whom to place His Message. (6:124)

It is reported in a narration from Oatadah that he said,

"They want to be declared innocent (on the Day of Judgement) without having to do any deeds."

Then Allah says,

كَلَّابَل لا يَخَافُونَ الْآخِرَةَ (٥٣)

Nay! But they fear not the Hereafter.

meaning, they were only corrupted by their lack of faith in it and their rejection of its occurrence.

Then Allah says,

كَلَّاإِنَّهُتَنُكِرَةٌ (٤٠)

Nay, verily, this is an admonition.

meaning, truly the Qur'an is a reminder.

فَمَن شَاءذَ كَرَهُ (٥٥) وَمَا يَنُ كُرُونَ إِلَّا أَن يَشَاء اللَّهُ ...

So, whosoever wills receives admonition (from it)! And they will not receive admonition unless Allah wills:

This is similar to Allah's statement,

وَمَاتَشَاءُونَ إِلا أَن يَشَاءَ الله

And you cannot will unless Allah wills. (81:29)

Concerning Allah's statement,

... هُوَ أَهُلُ التَّقُوى وَأَهُلُ الْمَغْفِرَةِ (٥٦)

He is the One, deserving the Taqwa and He is the One Who forgives.

This means that He deserves to be feared and He is eligible to forgive the sin of whoever turns to Him and repents.

This was said by Qatadah.

This is the end of the Tafsir of Surat Al-Muddaththir, all praise and thanks are due to Allah.

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